

ヘニनIヨへ己 CヘVENNE乌 TEロUILへ ＋＋＋Travel Reports＋＋＋News＋＋＋Tips \＆Tricks＋＋＋Product Info＋＋＋Technology＋＋＋


\$ Storybook southern
Italy: Maratea truly offers
everything for a perfect
flying holiday.

behind the seven hills, next to the. But seriously, the skywalk photo-tour with the new 2012 models was no trip to visit snow white and her seven companions. In fact, it led to Italy. Our initial goal was Sicily, but as happens so frequently in the sport of paragliding, the weather threw a wrench into our plans. One thing remained the same. The country: Italy, the perpetual German longing for the south, sun and "la dolce vita«.
"Just to fly around that once ...«, muses Rolf while gazing upwards. Ever since rounding the corner and following the coastal road, we too have been focused on the statue in the distance, high on the mountain. Compared in scale with

the cliff on which it stands, it must be gigantic. It there is a paraglider flying around it, one would most likely not even see it from this distance. As we drive closer, the stretched-out arms of the statue become visible, and it becomes clear that up there on Monte San Biagio stands an colossal statue of Jesus: His back to the ocean, the arms of the statue are stretched towards the interior of the land as if to protect the people from any danger that might approach from the sea. Below to the right, small houses cluster together on the steep slope. The old village of Maratea Superiore, as we are to learn later. Large and small harbors, peninsulas, sandy beaches, rocky bluffs and a green, hilly deciduous- and brushland: This is Basilicata, a region which stretches from the Gulf of Tarrent, the arch of the foot of the Italien boot, so to say, northwards. More precisely, this description fits the 32 -kilometer long coastal section of Basilicata located on the Thyrrhenian sea between the region of Campania to the north and Calabria to the south: the Gulf of Policastro During the rainy drive to Sicily, the flight school director and Italian skywalk importer Massimililano suggested stopping in Maratea. We immediately agreed. High winds were predicted for the next few days in Sicily, effectively elimating any chance of flying. Maratea and the province of the same name are beloved as a holiday destination by the Italien people. With a campground right on the sea, sand beaches and small hotels, the
region has a good tourism infrastructure. What you will not find are souvenir shops, massive hotel bunkers or pulsing nightlife. One can meet up with the locals, from the harbormaster to skipper to the town workers and landscapers while drink ing a morning cappucino at a small bar along the harbor of Maratea. Upon arriving, we were met in the harbor by Enrico, who works as a skipper in the summer and completely dedicates his life in the winter to his passion, paragliding. Enrico is the president of the paragliding club Fly Maratea. For pilots, a paragliding club is nothing unusual. Except for this one. Fly Maratea has only a dozen members, all of whom are extremely dedicated to maintaining their flying sites.

And the results are impressive! Five different launch sites, one of them in Calabria, allow for varied flying in the mountains of the backcountry or along the steep coast. Soaring, thermal flying or pleasurable glides with an ocean view: For pilots, the table is set opulently in Maratea. After our arrival in the afternoon, we set out to try the 450 meter-high launch site »Tiro al Piatello«. Thanks to the good access road, you can reach it directly with your own car. In westwinds, you can soar quite well from the forward slope ridge. There is room for multiple launches too, on the grass launch site well-maintained of branches, rocks and thorns. "We are planning a clubhouse up here«, says Enrico and proudly
pilots a downright
picturesque backdrop.
However, landing on the
black-sand beach is only
allowed outside of
the bathing season.




On the next day, perfect flying conditions dominate, accompanied by thermals. We launch from the new site between the ruins of the old Norba and fly along the ridge, where the houses cluster along the brink of the chasm, crank it up in one of the many thermals, fly over the village and back in order to top land. Even in the winter, Norma frequently offers good thermal conditions. And when the thermals don't want to cooperate, you can still soar along the ridge with the winds that blow from the sea directly to the mountains, thanks to the Pontinian plains. For two days we frolic in the sky before the bad weather reaches Norma. It is time to begin the journey back home and we still want to make a stop in Bassano. Here, another fine fall day awaits us with optimal flight conditions. The afternoon brings clouds with it and it is time to go. Rolf is secretly planning his next stay in Maratea. Wolfgang and I fancy Norma and Sara wants to return to Bassano. But those are other plans. And who knows where the wily weather will lead us? Paragliding trips are just as exciting and multifaceted as flying itself.

$\gg$ Playing in the air over Norma. The agility of the new CAYENNE4 positively invites wingovers. And it all feels so good that you might just want to do one in

Flying Site Info:

MARATEA, Italy
Maratea is a town of 5.000 residents in southern Italy. It is located in the region of Basilicata between the regions of Calabria and Campania. Along with paragliding, the area is well-suited for mountain biking, hiking, climbing, sailing, riding, kayaking and cycling. In the summer, long sandy beaches beckon to swimmers. The whole family will enjoy Maratea.

Best time to visit: Pilots can enjoy the flying sites of Maratea all year round. However, the best months for flying are April, May, June and September. Flying site info: Paragliding club Fly Maratea, www.flymaratea.it. All twelve members of the club are friendly and helpful. Shuttle Service: Except for the launch at the soaring site at Tiro a Piatello, all of the launch sites can only be reached with a four-wheel drive vehicle. The access roads are complicated and pass through private land at times. Therefore, the Club Fly Maratea offes a Shuttle Service if required. The four-wheel drive club bus transfers pilots safely to a wide variety of launch sites.
Accomodations/Refreshments: The paragliding pilot and president of Club Fly Maratea Enrico lannini offers spacious holiday apartments above the landing site of Spiaggia Nera at the soaring area of Tiro a Piatello: Enrico lannini, Via S. Venere 41, $1-85046$ Maratea, Tel. $+39 / 333 / 7957286$. Tel. +39/333/7 957286
E-Mail: iannini75@tiscali.it Ristorante Lanterna Rossa, Piazetta del Porto, I-85046 Maratea, del Porto, --85046 Maratea, Tel. +39/347/6 2614 85,
The restaurant is located directly on the harbor of Maratea. General Info: www.maratea.info

Sites:
Soaring site Tiro a Piatello Launch: Tiro a Piatello, 450 m , SW-W, novice, very large well-kept launch site. A club house is planned for next door where pilots and day-trippers can find refreshments.
N $39^{\circ} 58^{\prime} 29,5^{\prime \prime} /$ E $015^{\circ} 44^{\prime} 22,3^{\prime \prime}$


Landing: Spiaggia Nera, 0 m , open only in winter, novice to intermediate. Small harbor surrounded by cliffs with sand beach. N $40^{\circ} 01^{\prime} 48,1^{\prime \prime}$ /E $015^{\circ} 42^{\prime} 24,9^{\prime \prime}$

Truzzo della Salvia, Basilicata Very nicely situated, new flying site in the hills above the ocean northeast of Aquafredda, set up in 2012 by Club Fly Maratea.
Launch: Colle della Salvia, 950 m, novice, SW-NW, large grassy area, maintained free of stones and thorns by Club Fly Maratea. N 40 $01^{\prime} 48,1^{\prime \prime} / E 015^{\circ} 42^{\prime} 24,9^{\prime \prime}$
Landing: Spiaggia Aquafredda, 0 m , novice, two large sandy beaches near Aquafredda. CAUTION: In winter, use the eastern beach for landing, in summer use the outermost westerly beach. The Hotel Gabbiano is situated directly on the beach of the winter landing site. Diverse safety trainings take place here. N $40^{\circ} 02^{\prime} 12,34^{\prime \prime} / E 015^{\circ} 40^{\prime} 00,96^{\prime \prime}$ (Winter landing site) N 40 0 $2^{\prime} 19,49^{\prime \prime} /$ E $015^{\circ} 39^{\prime} 56,73^{\prime \prime}$ (Summer landing site)

Monte San Biagio, Basilicata Small but very nice flying site below the old Maratea and the statue of Jesus. With some thermal luck, you can view the statue of Jesus up close he statue of Jesus up close. Launch: Delcollo San Biaggio, 450 m , S-SW, advanced, small meadow on the access road to the former Maratea and CAUTION: La loh site is dat in northeast winds, lee! N 39 ${ }^{\circ} 59^{\prime} 07,00^{\prime \prime} / \mathrm{E} 015^{\circ} 43^{\prime} 27,50^{\prime \prime}$ Landing: Porto di Maratea, 0 m , intermediLanding: Porto di Maratea, 0 m , intermediate, large asphatt sur
N 39 ${ }^{\circ} 59^{\prime} 21,00^{\prime \prime} /$ E $015^{\circ} 42^{\prime} 21,28^{\prime \prime}$
Like an aerie, the small community of Norma sits enthroned upon a rocky plathe region of Latium, south of Rome. Built in the middle ages, this town is treasured by paragliding- and hang-gliding pilots. And for good reasons: Here you can still fly thermals in mid-winter or soar along the cliffs enjoying the views over the Pontinian plains to the sea and the hills of Rome.

Best time to visit: The whole year is flyable in Norma. Strong climb of up to $3 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ can still be found in November and December. The thermals are often too strong to fly on summer afternoons.
Flying site info: Flying Center Parapendio Roma, Fabio Pasquali,
Tel. +39/335/5 774394 ,
www.parapendioroma.it
Accomodations:
Le fate del lago
Via del Corso, 56, Norma LT 04010, Italia www.lefatedellago.it Tel. +39/339/4 628023 Mobil: +39/04/7 6730 General Info: www.comunedinorma.it

Site:
Launch: Parco Archeologico dell'antica Norba, 430 m , novice, large meadow near the ruins of Norba. The launch in town no longer exists.
N $41^{\circ} 35^{\prime} 27,1^{\prime \prime}$ /E $012^{\circ} 57^{\prime} 26,3^{\prime \prime}$ Landing: You can top land easily at the spacious launch site. This landing is also recommended for novices if the thermals and winds are not too strong. Otherwise, you can land on a large meadow, 30 m , novice, behind a barn with a kiwi plantation, pigs and geese. The barn is located directly on the access road. N $41^{\circ} 34^{\prime} 54,8^{\prime \prime} / E 012^{\circ} 56^{\prime} 32,3^{\prime \prime}$


MINIWING - maximum possibilities
A quick hike up a mountain like the Brauneck near Lenggries on a beautiful summer evening, or a nice cozy ski tour on the Unterberg in Kössen in winter: No problem, if only for the additional weight of the glider! At last, that problem has been solved for good. With the Miniwings, just recently introduced to the market, it is possible - and for a large group of pilots. These wings are not only light, they are exceedingly easy to launch and land. And if your desire is to be underway safely, with sufficient glide to make it over the next hill and enough altitude to throw in a couple of steep curves, a Miniwing is the perfect partner. Especially at flying sites like the Brauneck where the climb up can take an hour and flying with a speed flyer could be tricky due to the low gliding performance, a Miniwing is the magic solution. It is never a problem to make the landing and always with sufficient altitude. At other flying sites such as Kössen, where speedflying is prohibited, nothing stands in the way of a Miniwing. However, it is not just over speedflyers that the Miniwing has an advantage. Thanks to the low weight, it has a considerable advantage over standard paragliders. The Miniwing is agile to fly with the brakes and yet still extremely safe. Naturally, it is not a novice-level wing, but a great new option for sporty pilots who fly regularly to experience flying easily and combine it with many other things. skywalk has developed a Miniwing which should be available on the market in 2012. The first prototypes are exceedingly promising and our test pilots have only begun to imagine the possibilities. We will keep you posted

> Only spotted in its prototype costume until now, and not yet finalized in design or colors: the still nameless skywalk Miniwing
skywalks new Research \& Development Trio
Can you really have enough experience at the age of 28 to develop paragliders? Yes, you can, and our two designers and test pilots Paul Guschlbauer and Alex Höllwarth are living proof. Both were introduced to the exceptionally sensitive technology of paraglider design by Jürgen Kraus at the onset of their design careers. Jürgen, one of the most experienced test pilots on the paragliding scene, designed wings for skywalk for the last ten years and has passed his extensive knowledge on to Paul and Alex. Alex, who previously successfully tested gliders (the Paul, formerly an engineering construction student. They begin every design on the computer before heading out together
to fly and test the new prototypes. Products like the new CAYENNE4 are proof that these two understand their craft. Convince yourself!
>> Together, they form the core paragliding research \& development team at skywalk: Paul Guschlbauer, Arne Wehrlin, and Alex Hollwarth (from left to right)

## CAYENNE3 Junior Race Team

In cooperation with the company UTT, technical textiles and LIROS, manufacturer of paragliding lines, skywalk is offer ing an interesting sponsorship offer with the proven xc -wing CAYENNE3 for young (up to 29 years of age), talented and motivated pilots. skywalk's goal is to offer a successful wing at affordable conditions in order to support young, up-andcoming pilots. You can get more info from skywalk or at your local flight school.

Important Dates 2012:

## 18. February

Thermik Tradeshow, Sindelfingen, Germany
> 2. - 3. March
Stubai Cup, Neustift, Austria
> 17.- 20. May
Super Paragliding Testival, Kössen, Austria
> 2.- 3. June (rain date 23./24. June) skywalk Night Fever, Andelsbuch, Austria $>12$. - 18. August
Junior- \& Ladies Challenge, Greifenburg, Austria > 8. September
Red Bull Dolomitenmann, Lienz, Austria
$>20$. - 23. September
Coupe Icare St. Hilaire, France

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## skywalk <br> vide0 competition 2011

Once again, it was a difficult decision to choose a winner from among the many entries to our video competition. Thanks to all those who participated.

Particularly remarkable was the number of clicks for the video entries. For that reason, next year we will once again feature the video competition. We look forward to viewing your film and wish you the best of luck for the skywalk Video Competition 2012!

## ...and 2012



| Place | You Tube Title | Clicks | Clicks/Month | Jury - Points |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | skywalk Video Competition 2011 - Paragliding - my passion | 2.259 | 2.259 | 1,5 |
| 2 | skywalk Video Competition 2011 - easy lucky free | 1.134 | 378 | 1,5 |
| 3 | skywalk Video Competition 2011 - Streckenflug vom Hochfelln in den Pinzgau | 9.315 | 776 | 2,5 |
| 4 | skywalk Video Competition 2011 - Volo a vela / Gliding | 2.116 | 1.058 | 2,5 |
| 5 | skywalk Video Competition 2011 - Thermic Hunters | 12.659 | 1.808 | 3 |
| 6 | skywalk Video Competition 2011 - Pure passion for flying 2 | 1.385 | 693 | 2,5 |

Impress the jury and public in 2012 with your self-produced video!
Here's how:
> Every video must begin with the intro available for download from our homepage.
> Upload your data to a video platform (usage agreement of the corresponding service pro vider applies).
$>$ Videos which infringe upon the copyright of individual artists cannot be released to the public by the jury.
> Name your video "skywalk Video Competition 2012 - Name of your personal video « e.g. »skywalk Video Competition 2012 - Jan Meier with ARRIBA2"
>Send your video link to: info@skywalk.info
Prizes will be awarded in the value of 4.000 Euros (vouchers according to current MAGALOG 2012) which will be distributed among the best videos. The rules and regulations can be viewed at: www.skywalk.info

We wish all participants good luck and look forward to an exciting competition!

## $>$ Video Edit

In order to make your video entry a successful one, it should entertain and be fun to watch. From acro-, to holiday to absolute fun video...everything is possible. Be creative, there are no limits Most viewers like to see a video story or emotional content. Ideally, the skywalk product of your preference
should feature in the foreground.
To make your film exciting and rich in variety, the majority of it should not only be filmed sfrom outsides, but from various camera positions as well. Different perspectives, flying site locations and above all the suitable background music will animate the film and make it more interesting to viewers. Landscapes shot while moving, peaceful camera journeys over forests or meadows, or cloud time-lapse shots, for example, will transform your video from run-of the-mill to professional quality.
Dont forget a suitable intro and outro.
$>$ Export for You Tube \& Co. In order to make good-quality videos for You tube \& Co., the following software video export settings are recommended: Most video platforms accept the well known formats, such as: - avi (Windows Media Video)
.mp4 (iPod, PSP)
. MKV ( H. 264)
. 3GP (Handy)
. mpeg
.mov (Mac)
.flv (Adobe Flash)

In order to place your video online in good quality and with the least possible memory capacity, it is best to export your finished project in MP4-Video Format and AAC-Audio. Programs like iMovie09 under Mac also have a direct upload to You Tube. This simplifies export The frame rate (e.g., 60 fps ) determines how many pictures are recorded and subsequently played back per second. This should not lie over 30 fps. If it is possible in your program, try to limit your data rate to $5.000 \mathrm{kbits} / \mathrm{sec}$ and $1280 \times 720$ p for High Definition and to $2.000 \mathrm{kbits} / \mathrm{sec}$ and $640 \times 480 \mathrm{p}$ for standard definition video.
 could have imagined that ten years later the company would consist of 40 employees in three different sectors, developing, producing and marketing products worldwide - except for one: Thomas Allertseder. The former line developer from Betech had faith in

$>$ The six skywalk founders -
four of whom direct the company of
ca. 40 employees today
-

$>$ Rolf, team pilot and graphic designer since the very beginning

$$
>\text { Our first apprentice Maria }
$$

is still with us today
> The HYPE, skywalk's first glider,

develops into a bestseller
> JET FLAPS on the MESCAL. The pressure equalisation channels similar to those on large
of an occasional economic downturn. It was just an added bonus that other enthusiasts, like the paraglider pilot and graphic designer Rolf Rinklin also took stock in the idea. The pilot-buddy of Arne and Armin contributed the name and the logo and today continues to provide for the streamlined visual appearance of skywalk, together with his colleagues from the FORMGEBER graphic design studio. In 2002, marketing- and sales expert Reinhard Vollmert joined up with the young company, and with the design of the CAYENNE in 2003, skywalk had its very first triumph. With its polarizing design, the A on the trailing edge taken from the skywalk font, and direct handling, the CAYENNE won over many intermediate customers.

The motto of skywalk formed out of the CAYENNE, and still applies especially well today in this day and age of folding lines and other category-trickery, namely constructing gliders that are fun to fly but do not max out the limits of their category. „Flyable performance that makes flying fun." skywalk succeeded in establishing itself worldwide on the paraglider market with the MESCAL, a novice glider, which utilised the JET FLAPS developed by skywalk for the first time
$\rightarrow$ Armin Harich, Arne Wehrlin, Thomas Allertseder, Manfred Kistler (from left to right)

$>$ The Birkenweg office quickly becomes too small for the young company from the Chiemsee, so skywalk moves kit and caboodle (mouse included!) to the Bahnhofstrasse,

$>$ Godfather of the Miniwings: the TACO 2005

$\gg$ Still in development:
the completely new glider concept SKYCARVER

## FWGHRFET

$\gg$ The skywalk brand FLYSURFER is brand leader of the so-called RAM-AIR surfkite sector

Thanks to the innovative side protectors, the har2004 followed with the construction of a true ness was quickly on the tip of everyone's tongue. trendsetter, the TEQUILA: A forgiving glider in the kiting sector, various softkite models from with still respectable performance and compa- FLYSURFER gained ground with their paragliderrably direct handling suitable for instructional similar principles against the glut of otherwisepurposes. At the time, Vol Libre Magazine used constructed tubekites. The TACO represented a test of the TEQUILA to test the effectivity of the initial attempt by skywalk to bind surfkite- and JET FLAPS. The positive results silenced the last paraglider development more closely together. of the doubters. 2004 also brought about the On one hand a snowkite with long flying lines, launch of our first tandem glider, which instantly and on the other hand a training paraglider with polarized in two ways: with the name, JOIN'T, and normal risers in lots of wind, the TACO was way the reassuringly calm launch performance. ahead of its time, as today's hybrid-gliders confirm. Our ideas will soon reach perfection in the SKYCARVER project, thus creating yet another The year 2005 proved that not only was skywalk widely diversified with the sectors
PARAGLIDING, FLYSURFER and PARASAIL, but rather among the individual sectors as well. 2005 brought about the introduction of two innoWith the introduction of the CULT, the first har- vations: With the POISON, skywalk made its debut ness from the house of skywalk was developed. on the high-performance wing stage, and it fell to
none other than skywalk graphic designer Rolf Rinklin to prove the glider's mettle. In his first year on the German Paragliding League, Rolf managed to place ninth in the overall classification flying with the POISON and was the best pilot on a series glider. Additionally, he won the very first skywalk NIGHT FEVER event with the wing. This paragliding event is won by the pilot who can remain in the air the longest after the sun goes down. Apparently, lots of pilots had been waiting for such an easy, straightforward competition format. To date, the list of competitors has continued to grow. Yet an other NIGHT FEVER will take place in 2012, under the now well-established motto »The last one turns the lights out".
skywalk has also been developing motorgliders since 2006 and the idea of launching from mountains with trimmers off has since penetrated the entire market. The legendary CHILI as well as the CAYENNE2 were introduced to the market in 2006 and Leroy Westerkamp flew a spectacular worldrecord of 7.685 meters on K2 with the POISON

2007 was quite a significant year for skywalk. The X-GL00 was developed, actually as an in-house event/tradeshow equipment solution: An event tent inflated with air that impresses with low weight and a stunning visual effect. No one would have dared to venture that by 2012, this idea would develop into another separate, very successful business division, except maybe for one person

In the meantime, the X-GLOO is now sold in three sizes worldwide and won an established design prize with the »Red Dot" design competition award. Notable clients such as Landrover, Ford, Porsche, Red Bull and Sparkasse Bank embellish the reference list. Meanwhile, it is no longer possible to imagine the tradeshow scene of ISPO and Co. without the presence of the X-GLOO, and the event equipment sector has become established as an additional foothold for skywalk.
skywalk scored again at the beginning of the »Hike \& Fly, back to the roots« trend in 2007 with the new lightweight wing MASALA, followed by
> The POISON instantly becomes the best-placing
 Paragliding League
$>$ The noteworthy CHILI
 event in order to fly at skywalk NIGHT FEVER
$>$ Leroy Westerkamp.
$>$ There are actually
competitive pilots who would drop an official league
> The MASALA introduces
the distinctive alu-coated Aerofabrix cloth

> The POISON2
wins the League Serial Class valuation harnesses with certification

the ARRIBA. The shining, silver Aerofabrix cloth the OLC sport class valuation while simultaneously was a hot topic of conversation. The paragliding world had never seen a cloth like this beforel Extremely light (unfortunately extremely expensive, too) and yet still resistant to aging: The aluminum coating of one-hundredth of a milimeter made it possible! With the RANGE, an aerodynamicallyoptimised competition harness was developed with which skywalk team pilots could rack up the kilometers. They were exceptionally successful at this in 2009 with the CAYENNE3, the first purebred 3 -line wing in the LTF 2/EN-C class. Right away, five skywalk top pilots were able to capture the first 10 spots in the sport class of the DHV XC. And the podi um was all about skywalk, with Hans Walcher, Thor sten Hahne and Jörg Zitzmann taking all three spots! Oliver Teubert even made it to 4 . place in the open class with our sportster, and as if that was still not enough, Reiner Braun won the Paragliding League Overall Serial Class with the POISON2.

The next year Reiner was even able to repeat the coup, standing once again on the podium with his POISON2. In contrast, Oliver Teubert began his imposing success series with the CAYENNE3, won
hailing 3 . place in the open class with 3 other sub mitted flights. A direct assault, one might say! Innovation in all sectors, this motto applied to skywalk in the past two years as well. 2010 brought about the birth of the skywalk MAGALOG, a trend-setting mixture of MAGAzine and cataLOG. The development of the forward-looking project E-WALK, a fully integrated electric motor for paragliders, began in 2010 as well. The project vision could be de scribed as follows: Flying whenever and almost wherever you want, also and especially in the flat lands. The realisation will be completed in 2012.

When the skywalk founders look back, even the are amazed at the depth of products they have brought to the market in the past decade. Many innovations have come out of development and that is what makes this company so exciting The constant hunt for better solutions in order to make the dream of almost all people come true, but which so few actually make happen: To spread your wings and lift off into the third dimension. Who could have guessed all that we might discover on our quest?

Well, perhaps one person...

$>$ Even the following year in the league, Rainer Braun cannot be beaten underway with his POISON2
> The skywalk MAGALOG


## The Anniversary Tour

The skywalk crew will be underway with their testermobile at the hotspots of the paragliding scene from February to September 2012, once a month on flyable weekends, within the framework of the 10-Year Anniversary. And that means a different spot each month. You will have the opportunity to testfly all of our current models, gather information or simply enjoy a landing beer together with us.

The weekends will be selected spontaeously according to weather forecasts and announced on our homepage www.skywalk.org

## Locations planned for 2012:

February: Nova Gorica, Slovenia March: Bassano, Italy

April: Bezau, Austria
May: Emberger Alm, Austria
June: Westerwald, Germany
July: Mosel, Germany
August: Fiesch, Switzerland
September: Col Rodella, Italy
Since our 10-Year existence is a real reason to celebrate and to thank all of our customers, each pilot who testsmour products will receive a small gift. We look forward to seeing you!

Your skywalk Crew

Creative Event Equipment



The X-Alps is now well-known beyond the paragliding scene. The paragliding competition, in which 30 pilots are selected every two years to cross the Alps on foot or flying, starting in Salzburg and finishing in Monaco, continues to draw in spectators like a magnet. Thanks to live tracking, they can follow every step, every thermal circle and glide of each athlete. However, what happens behind the scenes, for instance, what exactly does it mean to be a race supporter, has remained a secret.

Sara Gudelius, supporter of Paul Guschlbauer, who achieved third place on the podium at the X-Alps 2011 together as Team AUT4, reports exlusively on day five in the skywalk MAGALOG 2012

## Text: Sara Gudelius

after another short and wet night, we get off on day five punctually at 4 a.m. The previous day we had Photos: Red Bull Content Pool managed a good distance, but not as far as Jog Mitter, Chris Hörner, we had planned. During the hunt to make up Felix Wölk time we forgot about the fun factor and exactly this that was now hindering our prog ress. Above all, we were unsatisfied with ourselves. I was criticising Paul's performance and he mine. Luckily, we were able to see past this
to our common goal and take the criticism to heart. Paul refocused on his own performance and I focused back on the plan that we had made while preparing for the race. Now it was up to Paul to focus on the 40 kilometers which lay before him. Our plan was to meet up in 20 minutes. That meant hurrying to get the breakfast stuff, roof tent and assorted equipment together and get Paul's next meal prepared. Though it is early, there is already traffic on the narrow road, making it nearly impossible to pass. I am dead tired. »l have to get myself together! When I meet up with Paul, he is in a good mood and is making amazing progress I spend the next hour in »stop and go« mode. Paul is walking, I drive on a maximum of one or two kilometers further with the bus and then wait for him, to pass him food or just give him company. Then my energy is gone, I cannot keep my eyes open and feel like stopping right in the middle of the road. I drive a bit farther on and take a ten-minute nap. It takes only sec onds for me to fall asleep - quick and effective
naps are crucial and work wonders. The phone rings. It's Paul and he says he is freezing. The wind is blowing hard on the straight road where he is walking. I feel guilty and stay the next six hours by Paul. I drive a little further and then come back to him on foot or with the bike, give him something to drink, cook, check the dis tance from the next athlete, stay in contact with our weather service and give him some motivation from time to time.

And Paul has put the pedal down. What a difference from the last days! Paul is fighting and doing a great job at it. We are both happy that we hashed things out the night before. The race s fun again! We close in on the Tonale Pass at around 11 a.m. I am totally impressed, the weather looks great. But just when I reach Paul again, it starts to rain. Motivation sinks. We discuss the next decision, fly or hike? Our goal is to fly! From the pass to the possible launch is 800 meters of altitude. Paul goes ahead It is difficult for me to follow. The backpack
is heavy and the probability of flying is very low. It rains again and again and the clouds look like more of the same. But the higher we get, the more motivated Paul becomes. He watches the weather, telephones with the »weathermen" and entertains some hope. Thank God!
A detour west of the >>The phone rings. Tonale Pass would be a catastrophe with regard to strength, time and motivation. There are

It's Paul and he says
only 50 more meters of altitude, Paul is in race
mode and I can no longer follow. He signals mode and I can no longer follow. He signals me to hurry and I pick up the tempo. With the last ounce of my strength, I stand at the launch site, the weather looks good. Paul prepares to launch, then it begins to pour down again. But Paul refuses to bow down to the elements. He says he knows a way to circumvent the weather, and he's off.
> An optimal level

It's working! Paul climbs, the rain subsides and the thermals carry him. Soon he will reach the ridge, lit up by the sun. I have to return to our van. Who knows exactly how long the good conditions will last. I can see by the Live-Tracking that Paul is flying. And well. I feel happy and treat myself to a break. Sleep! A short time ater the phone rings and my father reports that Paul is about to launch again after landing. Pleased, I fall back asleep. Then it rings again. Paul can no longer be spotted by the Live-Tracking. I am wide awake again and try and get him on his cellphone. No connection O.k., I know where he is headed, so I start off in the direction of the Mortirolo Pass, much loved by competitive cyclists. The phone rings. Paul again, he says only that he s starving and his glider is soaked. We must meet where Chrigel launched in 2009. My alarm bells go off. A wet slider can mean stall!
of communication
between athlete
and supporter plays
a substantial part in a
successful race.



After he learned about the flying site of the Rift Valley in Kenya and the children who live nearby from a slide show at the Elpe Flight School, skywalk team pilot Ralph Schlöffel felt called to start the project »Flying for a Classroom« in 2008, in order to help the children learn to read and write (as previously reported in the 2010 MAGALOG).

## The Project

45 million children in Africa do not attend school in Africa. Ralph's idea was to help Africa through the education and schooling of Africans, so that they can help themselves in turn. With donations, also from skywalk, two schools have been supported and a school for the handicapped is now under supervision. A school building for 80 students was constructed, the Kessup School, including social services like toilets and kitchen, which is actually located right next to the landing site. For the Kobil Handicapped School, buildings were constructed and donations were collected for a large water tank as well as twelve wheelchairs. 100 -per
 cent of the funds collected for »Flying for a Classroom« flow directly into the project. Ralph's dream is to build an orphanage near Eldoret and to fund the administration privately.

| Date | Pliots) | grory | Task | Facts | DRecord | WRecord |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10.012.2011 | R.Volmert l O.Feldmann | m Jolvt2 | out-and-return | $58,29 \mathrm{~km}$ |  | x |
| 10.012.2011 | R.Volmert 10. Feldmann | M Jowt2 | out-and-return | $62,48 \mathrm{~km}$ |  | x |
| 11.012.2011 | Burkard Martens | 6 Poison 3 | $100 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{out-2and-eturnl} \mathrm{speed}$ | $29,5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | x |  |
| 11.01.2011 | T.Schweers IR.V.VIment | m Jolita | $100 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{out-and-return} \mathrm{speed}$ | $29,49 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | $\times$ | x |
| 11.01.2011 | T. Schweers IR.Volmmert | M Jolivt | out-and-return | 101.81 km | x |  |
| 12.01.2011 | Renate Brimer | F CHH12 | out-and-return | 101.81 km | x |  |
| 12.01.2011 | Renate Brimer | F CHHL2 | $100 \mathrm{kmout-and-returnlspeed}$ | $27,11 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | $\times$ |  |
| 15.01.2011 | Thomas Schweers | 6 Poison2 | 100 km utu -and-etumm speed | $38,54 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | $\times$ | x |
| 15.01.2011 | Burkhard Martens | 6 Poison3 | out-and-return | 202 km | $\times$ |  |
| 15.01.2011 | Burkhard Martens | 6 poison | $200 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{out-nan-return} \mathrm{speed}$ | ca. $33 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | x |  |
| 15.01.2011 | m.Scraperl\|M.Wesselmann | m Jolvit | $200 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{ut-and-return} \mathrm{Speed}$ | $33,75 \mathrm{km/h}$ | x | x |
| 15.01.2011 | M.SchaperIM.Wesseman | m Joivt2 | 200 km out-and-return | c. $33 \mathrm{km/h}$ | x | x |
| 15.01.2011 | M.Schaplerl M.Wesselmann | m Jolita | 204 kmo 0 -arr free distance | ca. $33 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | x | x |
| 15.01.2011 | M.Scraperl\|M.Wessemam | m Jolvt2 | gain of height |  | $\times$ |  |
| 15.01.2011 | Renate Brimer | F CHHL2 | 3 turnoints | 99 km | x |  |
| 16.01.2011 | Renate Brimer | F CHH12 | 3 turnoints | $140,45 \mathrm{~km}$ | x |  |
| 17.01.2011 | R. Volmert IP. Loffler | M Jolvt2 | 3 turnoints | 145 km | $\times$ |  |

Flying records in the Rift Valley
The flight results of skywalk pilots Burkhard Martens, Nina Brümmer, Thomas Schweers, Markus Schapler, Paul Löffler, Olaf Feldmann and Marcus Wesselmann flown in 2011 spoke for the amazing conditions that the Rift Valley offers for thermal- and XC pilots with a base of up to 6.000 meters and climb of up to $5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. Together with the former skywalk sales and marketing director Rein-hard Vollmert, a dynamic supporter of „Flying for a Classroom« from the very beginning, they brought 18 paragliding records (among them German- and five world records) back with them at the end of January 2011, along with many fascinating impressions of the country and its people. As a kind of bonus for their success, skywalk wanted to present the pilots with a cash award of 1.000 euros, but after a short discussion among the pilots, it was decided that the money would be put to much better use in Africa. The check was presented to Ralph by Manfred Kistler, General Manager of skywalk for his project »Flying for a Classroom« and now Ralph is that much closer to making his dream come true, building an orphanage in Africa.

Nina-Renate Brümmer has gotten a lot of attention over the past couple of years owing to her records on skywalk gliders. You can find out what it takes to fly a successful record or to beat an existing record in the following text:

How do you fly a record?
Records are made in all sports. The rules and maximum of 2000 m less height than regulations for paragliding records can be found at the starting point. Just like by the in the current sporting code of the FAI Section DHV-XC, an FAl-triangle may not have a 7D in English on the DHV-website under sport re- leg which is smaller than 28-percent of cords. There you can also find the rule variations the total distance. World- and European from the world records to national records. In or- triangle records must begin on a turning der to submit a record, you will need a FAl-sport point, a German record allows for starting license. The license application can be found on on a leg. The task with the GPS-data of the the DHV-website. You must annually renew your turning points is noted before the flight on FAl-license. It costs 7,50 euros. Most important- a start notification (available in the sporting ly, you must consider which record you want to code) and signed by an authorised witness. break, or if you would like to set a new record One exception is a free record, which is deyourself. The list of national and international clared afterwards. It is simple to become an records is on the DHV-website under records. authorised witness. You just have to read the authorised witness handbook (on the DHV-
website under Sport/Downloads), add your signature to page 2 and send it to the DHV. National records with a G-record competent aircraft do not require an authorised witness. The flight with IGC-File and start notification must be submitted within seven days to the DHV-evaluator and additionally to the FAl in the case of an international record. Then the record will be examined. Record acceptance may take a while. Incidentally, in Germany, the 25 and 50 FAltriangle speed records are not yet documented goal of a 100 km flight, you may only have a for women: So just fly and report.
Pay particular attention: A new XC record must b 1 km longer than the existing record. Each task must be completely closed. The GPS-documented turning point normally has a radius of 400 m into which the pilot must fly. But only the distance flown is calculated. So one flies almost 800 m less per turning point than planned on your PC This means that the planned task must also be accordingly larger. On flights up to 125 km , be aware that the loss of height must not exceed $2 \%$ of the distance flown. This means that at the triangle speed records are not yet documented


Distarce records straight distance, out-and-return distance, distance over triangular course (FAl triangle), straight distance to declared goal.
Speed records over 25,50, 100, 150, 200 km triangular course and speed over an out-and-return course of 100,200 and 300 km . Altitude record gain of height
Free records free distance using up to 3 turn points, free out-and-return distance, free triangle distance. Free records free distance using up to 3 turn points, free out-and-return distance, free $t$,
These can be submitted after a flight, but must be larger than the existing distance record.

High Tech Lines

$>$ Assembly takes a few minutes longer than with a conventional paraglider, since the battery and prop must be attached, but this is easily accepted, since you know that you are getting a big piece of freedom in return.
$>$ Standing in the harness with the motor during the wait for signs of thermals is considerably more pleasant than with a backpack motor, thanks to the front-battery and balanced weight distribution.
$>$ The start happens like without a motor: simply pull and wait until the wing rises. If the wind is still, than obviously you have to run. Otherwise, you can stand still and calmly stabilize the glider. Then give full gas and let yourself be pushed as if on rollerblades.
$>$ Climb is decent, around $1,5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. Even with XS-gliders I have gotten off well, overloaded at 78 kg . In the case of bad conditions, a good start technique is very helpful, as always. For demo purposes I also started in lee. This works, but for free flight it is better to look for an open meadow - where the wind is blowing towards the slope. Then you can switch on the prop once you are in the air.
$>$ And with regard to switching on,
t is not easy to live in the flatlands: the mountains are hours away by car, the small hill nearby can be used thanks to ever better-performing gliders, but finding a sure ticket to the thermals on a nice summer evening once the workday is over is still tricky. Furthermore, you have to choose your launch precisely according to the wind direction. How many times did I look at this hill and think, how great would that be if only I could get pushed up to where the birds are circling! Towing means that it is often difficult to get into the air at exactly the right time. Helmets are lined up on the ground before you, and watching someone lift off in front of you may mean that you have just missed the thermal that would have kept you up. When towing you often have only a few kilometers of action without thermals, before sink. The towing areas are chosen more for ease of authorisation and sufficient space for a long tow than for thermically active areas with thermal trailing edges. If it was only possible to access the thermals from right behind your house! In the past, I had the luck to test some new E-WALK prototypes now and again. At last I could choose my own launch time and needed no help from anyone. is sufficient to gently push the gas button in order to directly and precisely get an unbelievably continuous and well-dosed thrust at any time. Thermal access is easy. You can now choose your start (time and place) with much more flexibility, independently from the weather. Without thermals, pilots have an action radius of about 15 kilometers. If you suspect an updraft in the area, indicated by a buildup of thermal clouds, circling birds or the like, then it is time to start. Even in zero lift, you can still climb at a rate of $0,5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ at $20 \%$ of the motor performance. With a full battery charge you can make it to base even without any real climb. If you see a better updraft, thanks to the E-WALK it does not even have to be in the angle of glide.

> Courageous, crazy,
optimistic, maniacal..
Petra and her unbendable
will to fly again has been
labeled with wildly
divergent adjectives.
Today her friends are
happy that she worked
so doggedly to attain her
dream. She found her
happiness and can be
a role model for all of us
to never give up after


I have been paralysed since my accident while hang-gliding in September 2000 in the Dolomites, when I suddenly lost consciousness and crashed into a rock wall. I needed seven operations and 361 days until I could leave the hospital and rehabilitation center. Others probably would never again want anything to do with flying, and worry instead about how to conquer daily life from a wheelchair, but in my case it was different. Actually, right after I awoke from the coma, one week after the accident, my first thought was of flying: :Not possible is impossible! If I can no longer walk, I have to manage the launch phase another way, so that I can fly again.c| l began with the construction designs for a flying wheelchair. Some people declared me crazy, but that was nothing new, so I just kept on planning. Even my family and friends could not stop me from flying. Today they are happy that I never gave up and thus managed to
regain my happiness. Since I met my husband all of the skywalk gliders have a very low miniPeter four years ago, my life is simply perfect. mum speed, which means an additional safety I go XC flying like I used to, enjoy the thermals cushion when flying. After extensive testing last and just the feeling of being in the air. Peter and year, I chose the CHILI2. This glider showed I now spend winters in Australia, which is very me its qualities during the very first launch.
»Some people declared me crazy,
but that was nothing new, so l just kept on planning.<

Despite crosswinds,
it launched with stability and flew straight, even with my wheelchair. The
special for pilots. Whether it is coastal flying in "Stanwell Park« south of Sydney or soaring on »Hill 60 « in the industrial area of Wollongong, one of the very few opportunities to fly with pelicans: It is always something special to glide directly over the ocean

When choosing a glider, safety plays a huge role and I am happy to have found the right partner in skywalk. Thanks to the JET FLAPS, And never forget: Not possible is impossible! $\mathbb{G}$
started paragliding in 1992. In the summer of 1996 I got my hang-gliding license, and my tandem paragliding license followed in the spring of 2000. It always gave me great plea sure to hike up a mountain in the morning and glide back down with the first rays of the sun to the valley floor, or to set off on a XC-jaunt from the Hochfelln over the Wilden Kaiser to Gerlos Pass, then on to Zell am See and Waidring.
»That's me in the air, Petra Kreuz, flying the paraglider from the wheelchair.





## The High Art of Comparisons

Why doesn't skywalk publish any technical data, such as glide ratio and speed in the MAGALOG? Or: How difficult is it really to fly a credible performance comparison of two paragliders? In the following article, Arne Wehrlin, Director of skywalk Paragliders Research \& Development Team, explains how difficult and complex it is to fly a meaningful comparison of two paragliders.

he publication and comparison of glide ratio and speed has gained in importance during the last few years and will certainly be used more often in the future as a sales argument. At the same time, the comparison of the performance of two paragliders today is truly no simple task. Basic difficulties are presented especially with regard to the aerodynamic and physical specifics of the paraglider. But first of all, let us begin by explaining some of the basics on this topic
 when flying straight.
$>$ He must fly exactly with or against the wind.
$>$ Side winds mean realigning and restarting the comparison.
$>$ Side winds mean that one almost automatically flys a curve as soon as one steers towards the fixed point. One glider is therefore disadvantaged, since that pilot must fly farther.
$>$ Pilot 1 indicates the speed: trim speed, half accelerated, fully accelerated.

Firstly, it is crucial that the apparent influencing parameters of both pilots are compared. This means in detail:
$>$ Same weight (exactly to the kilo)
> Same harness (exact same model)
$>$ Same seating position
$>$ Same hand position (not to be underestimated!)

Additionally, there are things during the flight which can make the comparison useless: $>$ If the brake lines are too short so that the glider is braked, performance is immediately affected. A brake can be long enough at trim speed, but can brake during accelerated flight. This cannot be allowed.
$>$ Caution: Brake travel does not begin when the brakelines are taut, but as soon as the trailing edge begins to move
$>$ Are certain lines so tensioned that they eventually brake the glider (e.g. small knots)? $>$ It is too thermal or turbulent to make a statement.

## Pilot 2

$>$ Before the comparison begins, Pilot 2 gets into position exactly alongside of Pilot 1.
$>$ Pilot 2 pays attention only to Pilot 1, they must fly wing to wing (with a gap of approx. 2 to 5 m , somewhat more when accelerated)
$>$ The higher pilot makes big ears, in order to achieve the same altitude.
$>$ Pilot 2 maintains exactly the same speed as Pilot 1.

How is performance defined? If a glider has a glide ratio of 9 , this means that the wing loses 333 m altitude over a distance of 3 km . A glider with a glide ratio of 9,5 needs 315 m altitude for the same distance, so exactly 17 m less. Two gliders must fly calmly next to one another at speed of $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ for four and a half minutes. The difference amounts to two glider heights. In more turbulent conditions, it is even more difficult to fly a credible comparison!

Furthermore, the term »performance« must be defined as a matter of principle. This is normally underestimated. It often happens that two prototypes have the same glide ratio in zero-wind conditions, but one wing flys faster than the other. If, for example, one flys 2 to $3 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ faster, this is a lot. This means, the slower pilot must accelerate and then when both gliders fly the same speed, the difference will be immediately perceived. This difference should not be underestimated. It becomes even more noticeable in turbulent conditions.

Comparison in calm conditions
If one compares the trim speed of two paragliders, it is extremely important to fly smoothly and constantly. Furthermore, you must be aware of how slowly or quickly the other is flying. The slower pilot accelerates to the speed of the faster pilot. Then the pilots are flying next to one another at the same speed. The entire process must be well-trained. In the actual exercise, the two pilots must know each other quite well until they can fly a credible comparison. One should be able to discern if a variation in performance is due to the flying conditions or due to another error. It occurs often that by ten flights, one glider will fly better seven times and the other will fly better three times. Nevertheless, this can frequently mean a considerable difference between both gliders. With only one or two comparisons, it is impossible to make a credible statement. Make the comparison again when half-way accelerated and completely accelerated and only then do you begin to realise how complex the whole process is. And that is only the beginning.

## Comparison in turbulent air

Much more important is the performance comparison in moving air, for example: thermal conditions, lee, gliding against the wind, stability in accelerated flight. This is the truly important performance data. Pure zero-wind glide plays only a small part, but strangely enough is the one that everyone wants to know. After the above information on glider comparison in calm air conditions, everyone can actively imagne how difficult it is to find out the authoritative differences. But naturally it is important to know what performance a glider has, how stable it is when accelerated and how well you can fly it in challenging conditions. In order to find out, you need two pilots who can fly at the same, very high level. We always fly this performance data with the help of a reference glider. Shorter routes in various air conditions are flown in the process. While gliding, you must make sure that you and the other pilot begin the glide at exactly the same altitude and when cranking it up, observe who climbs better. This will serve to determine the glider with the superiour performance. After the flight, the comparison will be discussed intensively. This includes, naturally, speaking »the same language«. In the discussion it then becomes clear if both pilots sensed the same thing and agree, or if other outside factors could have falsified the comparison. If we are satisfied, another comparison is done with the »benchmark" model on the market of the respective class, in order to be certain that we are a front runner with our development. Along with glide, other performance characteristics are crucial as well, such as:
How stable is the glider in turbulent conditions?
> Do I feel comfortable in challenging conditions?
How is the handling in weaker, stronger, disrupted thermals?
Only once everything works do we introduce the glider to the market, not before
n order to calculate truly credible performance values for a comparison, myriad instrument-measurement flights were additionally required, since airpressure, temperature, altitude, weightloading, flight position and many other factors can influence the comparison. Perhaps now the amount of effort required to calculate a real comparison value is more clear and why, in the interest of everyone, we want to avoid publishing them from now on. Is it really necessary? Many pilots ask us repeatedly: Do I really have to pack my glider cell upon cell? Packing the glider cell upon cell is very wise if you have a glider with mylar reinforcements on the leading edge. This method will prevent the mylar from bending, which could lead over time to diminishing launch perfor-
 mance. Gliders with rigid foil (small elastic rods in the area of the leading edge) are much less bend-sensitive than the conventional mylar. So although packing the recent glider models, above all those equipped with very flexible rigid foil material, is no longer essential, naturally it is possible.

## Defective Rods

If one of the rods on the leading edge does manage to break, you will notice this by the distinctive outwards bend. Since they are sewn tighty, the replacement must be done at a sevice center. This can normally be done quickly and easily.

## Tear-Repair

Tears which are less than 20 cm long and are located farther than 10 cm from the line loops can be easily repaired. Simply cut two pieces of spinaker tape so that they extend 3 cm beyond the tear. Apply one piece to the tear on the cloth upper surface and the other piece to the undersurface. Tears over 20 cm located near the line loops must be repaired by a qualifed service center.


Cleaning the cloth
If the paragider gets very dirty, the best way to clean it is with a soft cloth or sponge and water. Avoid using hard brushes, chemical solutions or salt water, as these could cause damage to the surface coating. Afterwards, allow the glider to dry completely. Never pack it away in damp condition, since this could lead to the formation of mold. This applies as well when the glider has gotten wet (e.g. in the winter from melting snow).

What do they really mean.

## Common technical terms Handling?

are often used to describe The term handling refers to the operability of the the fight characteristics of a paragider. It includes for instance, the use of the paraglider. Unfortunately, risers. Are they easy to operate? Because handling we have repeatedly deter- should be simple and uncomplicated. At the same mined that these terms are time, the following pivotal questions can be asked: actually quite often not fully understood by every pilot.
 horder to avoid misunder-> Does the glider operation support the pilot standings, we would like to provide you with a little awareness training.

Steering Pressure? Steering pressure is the answer to the question: How much strength is needed to get a certain reaction from the glider when flying the same curve.

This means: How high is the required strength at different steering pressures? Higher steering pressure means higher energy expenditure for the same desired glider reaction. Lower steering pressure means less energy expenditure for the same desired glider reaction. Steering pressure can also be measured. Handling can still be good at high, as well as at low steering pressure. This has to be decided by every pilot according to his/her own personal preferences.



Through CHECKAIR, skywalk lives up to its manufacturer responsibility - to guarantee product safety with maximum performance also during use. In the near future, more and more partners will be authorised by skywalk for the system after passing the audit.

You can find more information on the CHECKAIR system under: www.check-air.de or www.skywalk.info mail: checkair@skywalk.org

t he data bank-based system of th regular check of skywalk paragliders has successfully passed the interna test phase. Partners who have been authorised by skywalk can already $\log$ in ove the internet and are thus directly supplied with all of the information they require to complete check according to regulations. The check cen ter is then led step by step through the check procedure and CHECKAIR supplies sensible de tails such as trim calculations and other tech nology values, therefore eliminating faulty inter pretation. Results and necessary improvements are also transparently presentable.

What do the experts from two of the most re known check operations have to say about their first experiences with CHECKAIR? Wolfgang (Wolfi) Marxt, one of the managers of the Chiem see Flight School and Johannes Knust, technica director of the Papillon Flight School Wasserk uppe respond to our questions.

## Is a system like CHECKAIR a

trendsetting advance?
$\mathrm{W}+\mathrm{J}$ : Yes, by all means, because this system represents the real-time knowledge level of the manufacturer. The current legal situation states clearly that only the manufacturer and not the certification center is responsible for how the flight characteristics are guaranteed over time and which testing methods are used to determine this. It is exactly this requirement that CHECKAIR satisfies. Basically, the quality level of the check will improve as well when the information of how the check is done and who does the check is initially determined. The pre-authorised access will thin out the black sheep and clean up the market. Consequently, the pilot knows that even a distant skywalk CHECKAIR center is in close contact with the manufacturer.

## What groundbreaking changes will occu

 for the check center?$\mathrm{W}+\mathrm{J}$ : We will always have the current data for each glider, thanks to the web-based system. This also means that questions which pop up such as how lines should be torn or which trim should be used after measuring no longer have to be interpreted by a flight school. Along with help ing to determine the maximally achievable safety of the glider, this helps to test the still maximum possible performance of the glider and return it to that level of performance for the pilot. Through the menu navigation of 18 points, it can be deter mined that all points that must be completed and interpreted are actually applied. Additionally, a sys em like CHECKAIR allows the data acquired to be made available to the manufacturer. Thus, skywalk can use the data for development, to react more quickly to changes, to provide type-specific know
edge and operating instructions (e.g. line splicing) to flight schools and establish a homongeneous standard worldwide.

What added value does a pilot have by using CHECKAIR, in comparison with the previous check procedure?
$\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{J}$ : The check and the results will be documented and system-inherently standardised. The pilot can be sure that his glider has been checked
according to the very latest technological state. All of the expertise that the manufacturer used for his development flow into the check specifications. This is specifically important with regard to the trim! Pilots can also feel good about reselling their paraglider when they know that it is in sound condition. In combination with the attached badge, the detailed protocol at the end of the check created by CHECKAIR delivers proof of a quality assured check. That is a real sales argument.
>> skywalk CHECKAIR provides clear advantages not only for the check centers, but for pilots as well. You can find detailed information on our website.


$\gg$ It is not only
the visual appearance of the CAYENNE4 that impresses, but the flying characteristics as well. To say that pilot feedback during the photo shoot was "collectively enthusiastic« would be an understatement...

## CAYENNE 4

The sport class continues to expand. On one hand, relatively tame gliders with very well-tempered flight performance can be found in the EN-C class, but also fully maxed-out high-end wings that de mand a lot from pilots. The use of folding lines has resulted in such gliders being classified within the EN-C class although they ultimately belong within a different class. So it is up to the manufacturer's sense of responsibility to clarify the glider character to pilots, and then pilots have to make the most comprehensive picture possible. Ideally the two will match perfectly in the end. Our CAYENNE series has always stood for honest performance without any hidden bugs, and the CAYENNE4 more than impressively continues this tradition. The target group remains the same: XC pilots and ambitious thermal hunters who can fully work their wing in flight, but still value control in com bination with a very high performance potential.
and low profile distortion. The extremely well laid-out and drag-reducing line concept, which already pleases while line sorting, attracts immediate attention in flight when glancing upwards. The canopy has only a few line connections; there is a four-cell bridge, for example. Load is distributed cleverly within the canopy by means of a diagonal- and spanwise band system. The CAYENNE 4 has a total of only ca. 254 meters of line, including brake lines. Considering materials, the CAYENNE4 remains true to the principles of the series. The limits have not been exhausted The strength of the LIROS lines, regardless of whether it be the covered Dyneema main lines or the Tecnora gallery lines, lies far beyond the requirements. When it comes to cloth, no compromises have been made. The CAYENNE4 has low weight throughout, but still rewards with a long product life and consistent flight performance. Al of the plastic reinforcements in the CAYENNE4 are very flexible, thus pilots are not bound to any specific packing method. Interesting for safety conscious pilots must be the fact that the CAYENNE4 was developed without folding lines and tested and approved at the inspection center without them. Now it is up to you to form a comprehensive picture of our newborn. We are curious of what your impressions will be.

## ARRIBA2

The mountains are calling! The sweat pours down, the goal has been long in sight. At last you reach the top. The peak. The wind is still. After a short break you lay the glider out and prepare to launch. Three, four steps and you lift off. This wing wants to fly. And you do, too. What a feeling! Hike and Fly is more than just a trend, it is now well-established within the sport. Especially since
>> Much more than »just« a Hike \& Fly wing thanks to everyday suitability: The ARRIBA2.
>> Pure flying fun!
The right choice for safety-conscious paragliding »lightweights «: The TEQUILA3 XXS


TEQUILA3XXS
Light pilots are familiar with the problem: They can often be found underway with a wing that is too big, and end up feeling like a leaf getting blown around by the wind - especially when the winds pick up. Then the fear begins to increase proportionally to the wind conditions, the pilot may get drilled into lee during launch or fly backwards, thus making it impossible to
get to the landing site. We have the answer
a performance-strong, safe, and easy to fly paraglider with an anticipated launch weight range of between 50-70 kilograms. The TEQUILA3 in XXS has arrived! With rigid foil in the leading edge, this EN-B wing impresses with easy launch performance and jaw-dropping climb in the thermals, despite a small projected surface of 17,4 square meters. And performance remains strong even when the wind increases, with the safety reserves required for relaxed flying. If you want to stop feeling like a leaf getting blown about by the wind, try our mini from the TEQUILA family. For those who want to go one better as far as weight is conerned, the ARRIBA2 is a solid bet. Also available now in XXS

## which wing for whom？

## Our entire paragider

 palette is depicted in the opposite table，according to suitability for specific pilot target groups． This table should also make it easier for you to find the glider best suited for you．$\square$oncerning paragliders，the question of »which wing for whom« comes up often for manu facturers and flight schools．However，naturally it is also the pilots who need to know which equipment，specifically which glider and harness，are the best suited for him／her． And the choice is not getting any easier，with over 40 manufacturers making up the paragliding market．The certification procedure barely has any real validity anymore．We，as manufacturer， feel obligated to introduce our products and their respective differences to you，and to illustrate which product is best suited for each specific pilot class．Thus，you have the option to filter out the best glider for you according to important criteria．

Sicherheit
Paraglider
Paragider

## EN and LTF Norms

Generally，the European Norm applies within Eu－Along with the EN rope（EN）．The European Norm also standardis－there is also the LTF－Norm es paragliders．The EN norm is not obligatory in Germany，from the Ger－ for manufacturers．However，with regard to in－man Federal Office of Aviation． surance law，a certified glider represents a big This contains inspection points quite advantage．Furthermore，certification makes similar to the EN－Norm．
＞A healthy and honest
self－assessment remains
the basis for safety and
fun when flying，despite all
of the norms．Only those who are not overwhelmed with their wing will be consistently happy in the air
it possible for manufacturers and customers to have a qualified overview of product safety performance．

The EN is roughly divided into the following classes： EN－A for novices
EN－B for hobby pilots
EN－C for advanced pilots EN－D for very experienced pilots

These four classes are subclassified．Thus there are always at least two categories with in one class and the glider must be classifie within one of these：Low level or high level．A glider which does not exhaust the limits of it category can be identified as a low level wing， with a tendency according to the individual certification criteria towards classification in the adjoining lower class．In contrast，a high level glider means that the glider is constructed to the limits of its class，with a clear tendency towards classification in the next higher class．

## Tricks during certification

All of the products developed by skywalk to date have a certification：either EN or LTF，mos even have both．This means that each single product is tested at an inspection center and is assigned to a specific class．Meanwhile，many gliders are being tested with folding lines．Fold ing lines are additional lines which are attached to help achieve gentler collapse behaviour with specific adjustment of the glider．The achiev able certification class during relevant mano－ evers such as collapse and front collapse，is potentially falsely classified when folding lines are used．In this case，the pilot will be misled with regard to the actual safety performance o his paraglider

## All skywalk paragliders to date have bee tested and certified without folding lines．

TE日UILヘ

Hybrid Glider

## Mの－IT®．－HYt

## Pictograms

In order to give you an even bet
er overview of the various characteristics that
distinguish each of our paragliders，we have created a pictogram．
This serves to highlight the significant features of each glider．For example，each skywalk
paraglider has the pictogram »JET FLAP«．But there are also others，such as »3－Line－Levels«，»Hybrid－Lines«
r＂ $2+2$ Guarantee«．A description of each pictogram follows．A comprehensive description can be found under：www．skywalk．info． Should you have further questions，the entire skywalk Team is happy to be of service by e－mail or telephone．

2＋2 $\begin{aligned} & 2 \text { Plus 2：The skywalk } 2+2 \text { Guarantee includes material } \\ & \text { and workmanship flaws and anpplies to oll certififed LLTF or }\end{aligned}$ N）privately used gliders．This is an extension of the legal 2－Year Guarantee．

IEV FLFIP stall：improved climb，above all in narrow and thus an increased „greenc area when flying AEROFABRIX AL32：Light cloth with aluminium coat ing：UV－robust，light，high porosity values，long life．

Hybrid－Lines：A mix of Aramid－and Dyneema lines：long product life，low stretch，lighter，less drag．

Rigid Foil：Flexible rods in the leading edge area：reduce otal weight，keep the canopy in form，provide constant ram

3－Line－Levels：3－Line－Levels without forks：less drag，im－ proved glide．

Double－Splice－Technology：Line－connection technique for higher load capacity of line connections．

Race Lines：Uncovered Aramid lines：low stretch，kink－re－ sistant，low drag

Comfort Risers：Color coded risers，5－Point－Check and Big Ear »Flagss，for simplification of launch preparations and to prevent mistakes in the air－

RRP 2．790，－EURO
JET FLAP fun cruiser－LTF09：A｜EN：A
The MESCAL has made the dream of flying come true more often than any of our other paragliders．The easy launch performance of the MESCAL3 allows pilots to experience success quickly．JET FLAP Technology creates room to play with over－reaction，color－coded risers allow for clear conditions during launch．In the air，the EN－A／LTF－A certified MESCAL3 spoils pilots with comfortable handling，very good climb performance and enormous safety reserves．Unadulterated flying fun right from the get－go．

RRP 3 3．390，－EURO
JET FLAP lightweight glider－LTF09：B｜EN：
As a robust partner on your Walk \＆Fly adventures，the ARRIBA scores with low weight and small packing dimensions．Both have been enabled by the implementation of AEROFABRIX［AL］32 with an additional PU coating， already proven by its use in the POISON3，a pure－bred 3－ine－concept and uncovered lines．Launch is safe and easy，thanks to rigid foil in the leading edge．In flight，the ARRIBA2 stands out with pleasing handling and very good performance with generous safety potential，derived from the instruction－suitable TEQUILA3．


Pliotanemapope
$\gg$ Long product life： The skin－thin metallic coating of the AEROFABRIX（AL）32 reflects more than 90－percent of radiation．


NEU für die Saison 2012：XXS Größen für TEOUILA3 und ARRIBA2
Beginning in 2012，we have two wings for very light pilots in our program：The TEQUILA3 XXS and the ARRIBA2 XXS－both with $a$ anticipated launch weight range of $50-70 \mathrm{~kg}$ ．

> Whether talented newcomer- or hobby XC-pilot: The TEQUILA always
he range of use of the TEQUILA has always been diverse． was and remains an excellent choice for many pilots today．The new TEQUILA3 is equipped with 3 －line technology and rigid foil in the leading edge．Performance profits from over 20 －percent less drag In addition，this allrounder spoils with direct，smooth handling and excellent launch characteristics．
$\gg$ The revamped inner life


## RRP 3 3.390,- EURO

> on flying and the search for the optimal route.


Pilot target Group


The proven silver cloth AEROFABRIX AL29 has been given an additional PU protective coating for even higher abrasion resistance on the leading edge of the new POISON3. Rigid foil elements in the profile nose, three line levels and competition lines in combination with sleeve technology create low drag, reflected in the conspicuous performance gains. The individual line connections allow for increased stability - especially when accelerated, and the POISON3 still has moderate extreme flight performance for a glider of its class, despite an aspect ratio of 6,8 .



RRP $3.650,-$ EURO
JET FLAP sportster - LTF09: C | EN: C
The successful CAYENNE-series continues. The CAYENNE 4 is based upon a pure-bred 3 -line concept with only two main lines per level and per side and has a line total of only 254 meters, including brake lines. Rigid foil contructed from flexible plastic in the leading edge creates an aerodynamic profile nose and allows our newcomer to launch easily. The performance of the CAYENNE4 is particularly remarkable, above all in accelerated flight- this EN-C wing remains stable and easily flyable Direct handling with low steering pressure is the icing on the cake.


RRP 3.990,- EURO
The enjoyment of flying together safely was the top priority durin the development of the tandem glider JOIN'T2. This begins with the simple and direct launch handling, continues over a vast range of speed thanks to the implementation of JET FLAPS and speed trimmers, and ends with safe landing performance, as well as a long product life thanks to the robust material selection.





RRP $\quad$ 749,- EURO
With an aspect ratio of 5,67 , this 3 -liner is distinguished by downright good performance, paired with high passive safety thanks to JET FLAPS. Thus, it caters to high end - intermediate to zealous thermal junkies and advanced pilots with XC ambitions. Thanks to the high comfort factor, pilots under the CHILI2 can focus completely on flying and the search for the optimal route.

RRP 2.890,- EURO JET FLAP motor \& mountain-glider - LTF03: 1 | DULV
Flying for hours, fatigue-free, with or without motor. The MOJITO.HY+ is suited for all pilots who want to use one glider for motor-flight and free-flight. The high safety reserves are especially interesting for motorgliding novices. A wide variety of motors are certified for use with the MOJITO.HY+. Thus, pilots have an enormous choice of motors.

| $\gg$ The upper connections are for motorised flight, the lower for mountain launches with simultaneous trimmer connection. That's hybrid! |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | s | m | $\frac{L}{39}$ | xL |
| (\%osomen Surface area flation $\mathrm{m}^{2}$ | 26,08 | 28,04 | 30,40 | 32,13 |
| Wingspan in m | 11,19 | 11,68 | 12,09 | 12,42 |
| Aspectratio | 4,8 | 4,8 | 4,8 | 4,8 |
| Glider weight ing kg | 5,6 | 6,1 | 6,5 | 6,9 |
| Launch weight w/o motor LTF in kg from - to | 75.95 | 90-110 | 105-125 | 115-140 |
| Launch weight w/ motor DuLV in kg from- to | 75.120 | 90-140 | 105-160 | 115-180 |
| Tow certification | yes | yes | yes | yes |
| LTF - w/ closed trimmers | 1 1956) | 1 (110 ${ }^{\text {(2) }}$ | 1 (125k) | $1(140 \mathrm{~kg})$ |
| Piotenzielgrupe | ${ }^{\text {Features }}$ |  |  |  |
|  | [+2] | LAR |  |  |

RRP 2.990,- EURO JET FLAP motor \& mountain-glider - LTF03: 1 | DULV
A fun machine with lively and direct handling: There is no doubt about it, the SCOTCH is the freerider of hybrid gliders. A glider that flies precisely and simply feels good in the hands - with or without thermals
The SCOTCH is also certified for use with a wide variety of motors, simplifying the search for paraglider and motor. To sweeten the decision, the SCOTCH.HY is available in a new, fresh colour. favor of Rersible function as backpack was purposely forgo in the upper back area. The CULT-C is available with two leg-strap otions T-bar system or Get-up system.


RRP 729,- EURO
lightweight harness - LTF09 I max 120 kg
Very light and very safe, right from the start. The new CULT-Compact has been tested according to the highest safety standards, LTF 09, and provides one hundred percent protection right from launch. Our new protector makes it possible: an innovative mixture of foam, air and rigid foil. Reversible function as backpack was purposely forgone


RRP Overall Complete $\mid$ 199，－EURO
Two become one：Our SYSTEM QVERへLL
is a practical two－piece which can be quickly and easily converted into a one－piece with the zipper． You can also combine a jacket and pant of different sizes．Hood is removable．
Sizes S－L．

## RRP 129，－EURO

High quality workmanship and functional 3－Layer Technol ogy make our softshell TEAM JへCKET windproof，water－repellent and

## RRP 19，－EURO

Perfect for every occasion
The gunmetal grey CEREMONY SHIRT made from 100－percent cotton with skywalk logo in ice－blue on the chest．
Size XS－XXL．

RRP $19,-$ EURO

## The BANDANA

is a versatile，high－stretch multifunction cloth． Use it as a storm hood， neck warmer or hairband－ the perfect pilot accessory． Now available in the new CAYENNE4 colors．
One size．


RRP $\quad$ 149，－EURO
Light，wind－and waterproof：the PへCLITE JへCKET． Whether as a top layer to keep you toasty or as protection from wind and rain，the new jacket is extremely light，at 440 grams， and always worth having along． The hood can be integrated into the collar．Size XS－XXL．

RRP 69，－EURO

## Versatile

The SEロUENCE sunglass provides high wear comfort thanks to Grilamid frames with Soft Touch Coating and protects the eyes with UVA／－B absorbent lenses according to CE Standard EN 1836.

RRP 14,90 EURO
Trusty companion：
The HIP BAG is com－ fortable to carry and provides ample space for all of the small but important things that you cannot do without． Thanks to flexible materials， this useful pilot companion is quick and easy to stow．

## RRP 69，－EURO

The CロCKPIT is compatible with many different harnesses and offers angle－adjustable design with safety straps，generous opening for camera and cushioned outer shell for the protection of flight instruments in transport．

## RRP 79，－EURO

Cell upon cell，
quickly and easily stowed： Our light，practical SローTBヘG helps pilots to pack the glider cell upon cell and provides additional glider protection． One size．

RRP size S 589，－EURO
RRP size M 649，－EURO
RRP size $L \quad$ 689，－EURO
The rescue parachute com－ pletes the paragliding equip ment．If everything goes wrong this is the second chance for the pilot．The PEPPER2 LIGHT stands out with even lower weight and lightning－quick opening time．Furthermore， it impresses with a low sink speed of only $5,03 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$（size M ） with simultaneously high pendulum stability．


Despite its low weight，the PEPPER2 LIGHT has almost $30 \%$ more surface than comparable round canopies

RRP 49，－EURO
The optimal home storage solution：The STORへGE BへG with breathable mesh inserts and riser fastene option stores your glider loosely，saves space and preserves the cloth． Colors may vary．

レiVミ
FLY IN G L I Y E


LEADINETHEWH Y

ए $ए$
NAY I $\quad$ A T T O N M A O E
5 IMPLE

VARIO
W O N $\mathrm{N}^{+}$

